WILL TRY TO SHOW THAT MISS POLLARD MADE SHE HAD IMPROPER RELATIONS WITH

AGREED TO MARRY HER-TO DISPROVE SOME OF HER

any traces of her collapse of yesterday afternoon

not so strong-looking as on yesterday morning. Major Butterworth's first question was whether Miss Pollard had the contract with Rodes by which he agreed to pay for her education on condition that she should marry him or pay him back. "No, I haven't; I gave it to Mr. Rodes."

The contract was settled, then?" asked Major

Butterworth. Oh, no, sir; it was never settled. Mr. Rodes did not pay nearly so much money for me as he said he would pay, but what he did pay—about \$2,500 l was never able to pay back."
"Did you pay him any of it?"

'No, Sir. I never did have any money to pay enybody anything," said Miss Pollard, in a voice The meckness of the witness vanished with the

Mrs. Lagan (formerly Dr. Mary Street), of Cincinnati, did not recognize you when her deposition was taken, was she, Mies Pollard?" was the ques-

"Not when I was introduced to her," said Miss Pollard, "but she would have done so if she had had an opportunity in re-direct examination, and she certainly was ready to say that the picture of 

and Judge Wilson at once. "You must not tell any-

Major Butterworth wanted to know what were facts about her adoption of the name of skinridge." She said Mr. Breckinridge told "Brackinridge." her to adopt the name.

THE PLAINTIFF RESTS HER CASE. few more inskrafficant questions were asked,

and then Major Butterworth created surprise by saying abruptly: "That's all, Miss Pollard." Miss Pollard looked astonished. She started to leave the stand, but was called back by Mr. Car-He did not ask her any questions, however, but caused another surprise by saying: If you please, Your Honor, the plaintiff rests

Major Shelby, Colonel Breckinridge's law partner, began the opening statement of th the jury, which had been reserved when the

went on to sketch the other points in the defence. In this second letter, he said, Miss Pollard had In this second letter, he said, Miss Pollard had teld him the nature of her business with him in reply to one from him saying he could not come at that time. But about ten days later he had business in Covington with Governor Stevenson, and while there he thought of the request of this young girl and decided to go to Westsyan College, and did go over to Cincinnath for that purpose on August I, 1884. Major Sheiby then referred to Miss Pollard's age at the time Colonel Breckinridge that her, and he claimed that she was then not seventeen, but between twenty and twenty-one years old. Major Sheiby told of the first conversation between Miss Pollard and Colonel Breckinridge about the Rholes case, and he contended that Miss Pollard admitted that she had had wrong relations with Mr. Rholes, Colonel Breckinridge advised carrying out the afrangement with Rholes, and in the course of the conversation se, not he, suzgested that they go out in a closed carriage that night, and he consented.

SHE SUGGESTED THE CARRIAGE RIDE.

"It am authorized to state," said Major Shelby, "that there was no such remark by the defendant about a week throat, which caused him to bring a closed carriage, nor about a headache, which compelled him to forego the concert, and suggested that they ride instead. It was she who suggested that they ride instead, it was she who suggested that they ride, and during that ride lifeth arrangements were established between them without objection, but with williamess on her part. When he took the train he found the plaintiff on it. They traveled to Lexington tegether, and she, not he sage gested that he take her to the house of Sarah Gess. He was surprised that she knew about such a place, and she said she knew where it was located. They stayed there from Saturday until the following Monday, then she returned to Cinchnatal."

Major Shelby said he was also authorized to itale that there was no suggestion made by the defendant that the plaintiff go to Lexington, but that she went there and entered Sarre Institute without his knowledge, and he did not know when she was to be carried to come to see her. The defendant did not know when she went to Cinchnatal, in February, 1885, to give birth to a child; he did not know when she went to Cinchnatal in February, 1885, to give birth to a child at the Norwood Founding Asylum in 1855 were faise.

"May Pollard middle and the following and the defendant had there fell in with the plaintiff and the defendant major Shelby denied and each of the plaintiff that she gave birth to a child at the Norwood Founding Asylum in 1855 were faise.

"May Pollard with Sandar Beek, and that the Senator he was a second to the salar than the contrary, the defendant advised her not to come. She told him that she had talked with Senator heek, and that the Senator "I am authorized to state," said Major Shelby, "that there was no such remark by the defendant

HER ALLEGED POWER OVER HIM Then Major Shelby went on to tell of the continelient until the winter of 1890-91, when, he contended,

#### The Land of Promise

In the mighty West, the land that "tickled with a how lauchs a harvest": the El Dorado of the miner: the coal of the agricultural emigrant. While it teems with all the elements of wealth and prosperity, some of the fairest and arry a bottle of the Bitters in the traditional gripsack. Against the effects of exposure, mental or bodily over-work, damp and unwholesome food or water, it is an in-fallible defence. Constipation, rheumatism, billiousness, dyspersia, nervousness and loss of strength are all reme-died by this genial restorative.

## Dr. Lyon's Perfect Tooth Powder.



Thoroughly cleanses the teeth and purifies the breath. Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of Sold Everywhere. a century.

Miss Pollard, through her power over him, tried to Washington, March 21.—Miss Pollard did not show my traces of her collapse of yesterday afternoon then she entered the Circuit Court room this morning with her elderly companion, Miss Ellis, Colonel when she entered the Circuit Court room this morning with her elderly companion, Miss Ellis. Colonel Breckinridge was not as smiling and debonair as he has been, and his features had a trace of gravity strange to them.

This proposition Colonel Breckinridge was not as smiling and debonair as he has been, and his features had a trace of gravity strange to them.

This proposition Colonel Breckinridge refused. He This proposition Colonel Breckinridge refused. He This proposition Colonel Breckinridge refused.

ner receptions. Mrs. Blackburn began to suspect samething about the relations between Colonel Breckinglege and Miss. Follard, and had caked Miss. Pollard about it. Miss. Pollard told Colonel Breckinglige that when Mrs. Blackburn had questioned her about the matter she had berself told Mrs. Blackburn that she and Colonel Breckinglige were engaged. The defendant was angry, and said he would go to Mrs. Blackburn and make a frank avowal of the fillest relations between them and deny the engagement. The planning begaed him to give her another chance. He finally suggested, as a way out of the difficulty, that she should go to New-York, or somewhere, and gradually drop out of his life, he paying her expenses, and that in time what she had told Mrs. Blackburn would be forgotten.

HIS ADMISSION TO MRS. BLACKBURN. Soon after that Miss Pollard tried to shoot him in thing but what I ask you," Major Butterworth gaged to Miss Pollard, Major Shelby said the phintiff had induced him, by that influence which such women have over men, to fall into her plan, and to

"Hold on," said Judge Wilson, "Don't read that letter,"
"I won't read it," said Mr. Shelby. Then he went on to sketch the other points in the defence, in this second letter, he said, Miss Pollarid and Mr. Shelby. Then he went on to sketch the other points in the defence, in this second letter, he said, Miss Pollarid and Mr. Shelby. Then he went on to sketch the other points in the defence, and told him the nature of her business with him in weply to one from him saying the could not come days later he had told him the nature of her business with him in weply to one from him saying the could not come days later he had this here. He thought of the request of this sung grir and decided to go to Weekyan Collected and Mr. Callede and Mr. Johnsen, her all the there. He thought of the request of this sung grir and decided to go to Weekyan Collected and Mr. Miss Pollard and to Pollard and the Mr. Miss Pollard and to Whereas, The bankers of the city of New York and this letter wait. I want not not not have not changed in the twee new representation became the collected of the carried here. Mr. Callede and Mr.

Louisa S. Wing within the time required by law. The certificate of the marriage was not sent to the Bureau of Vital Statistics until last week, although the coremony was performed by Dr. Paxton on April 29, 1833. Dr. Nagle said also in his report that Isr. Paxton had failed to give the age of the brile, as required by law. The Health Board sent the communication to William H. Steinert, the attorney of the department, directing him to take such steps as he saw fit for the enforcement of the law. That meant that Dr. Paxton was likely to be prosecuted if he came within the iurisdiction of the Health Department again and failed to make a satisfactory explanation. Mr. Steinert, said he would ask Dr. Paxton for an explanation. Dr. Paxton is not in the city at present, and he cannot be arrested until he comes back. The most serious punishment that could be inflicted for his failure to make the lawful return of the marriage would be a fine. In similar cases the Health Board has let the offenders off with a beture upon their promise to obey the law future Eureau of Vital Statistics until last week, although

AN OFFER OF \$500 A WEEK FOR MADELINE. Syracuse, N. Y., March 21 .- A. L. Wilbur, proprietor of an opera company, this morning tele-graphed Judge Wilson, counsel for Madeline Pol-lard, offering Madeline \$500 a week for twenty weeks with his company.

#### OPPOSING BLAND'S BILL.

A LARGE AND REPRESENTATIVE MEET ING OF NEW-YORK FINANCIAL MEN.

THE SUBSCRIBERS TO THE LAST GOVERNMENT LOAN CALL FOR A VETO-THE DANGER

OF A NEW SILVER INFLATION

A largely attended meeting of bank presidents and ankers was held yesterday at 1 o'clock at the Union Trust Company to consider the danger involved in the Bland Sliver Seignlornge Baker was secretary. It was one of the most repseniative conferences ever held by the finance G. Williams, president of the Chemical National Bank; John A. Stewart, president of the United States Trust Company; George F. Baker, president of the First National Bank; John M. Crane, presilent of the Shoe and Leather Bank; E. D. Ran Isaac N. Seligman, of J. & W. Seligman & Co. Crane, of Baring, Magoun & Co.; W. W. Sherman president of the National Bank of Commerce; H Budge, of Hallgarten & Co.; O. S. Carter, president National Bank of the Republic; William A. Read of Vermilye & Co.; A. Welff, of Kuhn, Loeb & Co E. H. Perkins, jr., president of the Importers and Traders' National Bank; Brayton Ives, prosident of the Western National Bank; R. J. Cross, of Morlikely fairs aware energed to the problem of the Mechanic National Bank; South Foster, president of the Chase National Bank; South Foster, president of the Mechanic National Bank; South Foster, president of the Chase National Bank; South Foster, president of the Prophic Bank; M. Schellenger Colored of the Mechanic National Bank; South Foster, president of the Prophic Bank; M. Schellenger Colored of the Mechanic National Bank; South Foster, president of the Prophic Bank; M. Schellenger Brown, H. Schellenger, Brown Brown, H. Schellenger, Brown, H. Sc

series.

The charge of rescaled promise of countries are also countries. The rest of the complaint and the defendant's is be total of the complaint and the defendant to say, and if he supported by his testimony on the stand, that any is child hash been between knew, until it was too it to by Dr. Parsons on the stand, that any is child hash been between knew, until it was too it to be sumptioned by the facts and not through the countries was communicated to three intrinsic makes the carry of a child hash been between the carry of the meeting that any he guilty, but he does make or carry out such a contract unter any feet to the bright by the facts and not through the bright by the does not consider the fact of the fact of the facts of the fact that of the fact that indicate the countries of the fact that of the fact that indicate the countries of the fact that indicate the fact that the countries of the fact that the fact that the countries of the fact that the

THE BILL DENOUNCED AS WHOLLY BAD AND FUNDAMENTALLY DISHONEST-

UEGING A VETO. The most important thing done at the meeting of the Roard of Trade and Transportation yesterday afternoon was the passing of resolutions condemn-ing the Sekmiorage but and pathioning the President to veto the measure. They were introduced by Darwin R. James and were as follows:

to veto the measure. They were introduced by Darwin R. James and were as follows:

Resolved, By the New-York Board of Trade and Transportation that the enactment of the so-called Scientisrage toll is an absolute reversal of the some policy of finance adopted by the United States in the repeal of the Sherman law; that the passage of the Seigniorage bill by the Senate and House of Rejrescription and and unseitled on the currency question; that confidence at home and abroad in the stability of our financial policy has been seriously impaired thereby; that a fixed, permanent and honest policy is essential to confidence; that confidence is essential to prosperity; that the destruction of confidence leads surely to disaster; that the enactment of this measure will open anew the silver controversy and again threaten the country with the dangers so recently escaped.

Resolved, That we regard the measure as wholly had and fundamentally dishonest; that it is legislative deception and misrepresentation to direct the coinage of building held in the Trensury "to the arrount of the gain or seigniorage of such building when no "gain" has been realized and no "seigniorage" exists, and when, in fact, the said building is worth \$45,00,000 less to-day than when purchased. That we regard it as a violation of the faith of the Government to take for the purpose proposed any partion of the building pledged for the redemption of the first is now an inadequate security for such certificates, and there can be no question that any parallel act in commercial transactions would be regarded and punished as a crime.

Resolved, That we earnessly petition the President to veto the Seigniorage bill, and thereby maintain the Integrity of the Government, and retain for hims.

A resolution was adopted favoring the passage by

the Legislature of the bill abolishing preferential assignments. Other resolutions adopted were one fa-voring the passage of the Canal Improvement bill and one approving the measure which proposes the expenditure of \$1,000,000 for the purchase in the Adirondacks for a park, adding to this resolution a protest against the selling of any downed or burned timber, as well as against the cutting of any timber whatsoever.

PHILADELPHIA ALSO ENTERS PROTEST. Philadelphia, March 21.—The banks of the Clearing House Association of Philadelphia have united in the following letter to President Cleveland, which was sent to-day over the signatures of the Clearing House officers: "Philadelphia Clearing House,

"Philadelphia, March 29, 1894. To the President of the United States, "Sir; The banks of the Clearing House Association Sir; The banks of the Creating House Association of Philadelphia, believing that if the Silver Seigniorage bill passed by Congress should become a law it will be a great disadvantage to the business interests of the country, and will create distrust in our monetary system, both at home and abroad, and will seriously check our return to prosperity, there-

fore, most respectfully ask you to withhold your sig-nature from the bill, and return it with your valo.

THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE MEMORIAL MAILED.

The committee appointed by the Chamber of commerce to go to Washington to protest against he signing by the President of the Seigniorage bill did not go yesterday, as the telegram received from the President was considered by the ma-jority of the committee conclusive evidence than bill would be vetoed. The telegram was as

Executive Mansion, March 20, 1801, n. Secretary Chamber of Commerce George Wilson, Secretary Chamber of Counce.
New-York City:
I will hear the committee if they come, but
strongly advise them not to come.
For the President,
H. T. THURBER, Private Secretary.
The memorial prepared by the Chamber was
mailed to the President yesterday.

BECAME CRAZY AT SEA.

STEERAGE PASSENGER STABS ONE OF HIS COMPANIONS AND THEN JUMPS

OVERBOARD. James Melvin, a steerage passenger on the Anhor Line steamer Anchorla, caused a panic among his fellow-passengers on March 15 hy suddenly going crazy, stabbing a man and then jumping over-board. Melvin was a naturalized American citizen. He had been to visit relatives in Scotland. His fellow-passengers in the steerage noticed that he acted strangely soon after he came on board. He xplained that he had had a sunstroke last sumexplained that he had had a surstroke last summer and had never fully recovered from it. There were 119 passengers in the siverage, and carly on the morning of March id they were all thrown into a tumult by Melvin suddenly drawing a big knife and rushing widly at a group of people who were talking together. They all made a rush to get out of the madman's way, but one man, Charles Macklehorn, was not quick enough. The crazy man made a longe at him and succeeded in inflicting a slight flesh wound. made a longe at him and succeeded in inflicting a slight flash wound.

Before Melvin could do any other damage the officers of the ship came to the zieerage. They can teward the madman to disarm him. He waved them back with his kuffe and ran to the side of the ship, just outside the forecastle. Springing to the rall, he gave a cry and lumned overboard. Captain Young stopped the steamer, but search for the man was unavailing.

#### LEAVING THE NEW METHERLAND.

at Fifth-ave, and Fifty-ninth-st, yesterday, but a small army of men were at work helping the remi-lar boarders to more out of their rooms. There was a line of vany and wagons at the hatel entrances all day. Ex-Secretary Stephen B. Eikins domestic bliss, and then a separation, all because and his family found rooms at the Savoy, across the marriage portion promised by the father-in-law the street, and several other families went to the was not paid, and the secture of all the wedding

General Little Box Browns have a strength of the hotel by 19 a.m. be-morrow, but I will nave a reasonable 19 a.m. be-morrow, but I will nave a reasonable time after that to remove my property. It is hard to have this botel, which was built according to my steer, and ready is the best-planned lester in the city. It is hard also to lose so much money. I shall so with my family to the Boxel Normandle, which I may yet be compelled to lose, later we shall so to my other hotel, Normandeeby-the-Sea.

General Earle confessed a Judgment in \$1,250 to

#### LICENSE OF THE ALBAMBRA REVOKED

THE ENGINE COMMISSIONERS CONSIDER ALSO THE CASE OF ONE OF THE NOTORIOUS SINTH-AVE, BUSTAURANTS.

Board of Excise gare its decision yesterday afternoon to the case of Warren Lewis, proprietor of the Albambra Concert Hall, in Eighth-ave, A raid on the Alhambra was made some months ago tain Price was tried before the Police Commissioners and fined five days' pay for not suppressing it. It was decided vesterday to revoke the license, Excise Commissioners Holme and Murphy voting

day. Clark and Patrick Burns, his partner, with a host of witnesses, were on hand to testify that the restaurant was a highly respectable one, and that nothing objectionable had ever taken places there. Civil Justice Joseph Steiner represented Clark.

After Clark and Dorns had testified Steiner asked the Commissioners if they had any questions to put to the winnesses.

Commissioner Murphy did not like the tone in which the question was asked. "I don't like the speer on your face as you made that remark," said commissioner Murphy.

"I did not eneer," laughed Mr. Steiner, "I merely asked if the Commissioners wished to examine the witnesses."

"There it is again," said the Commissioner, "your face would be just as well without it."

The Commissioners reserved decision.

#### CUTTING OVERHEAD WIRES IN BROADWAY.

A FORCE OF MEN CARRIES OUT THE ELEC TRICAL BOARDS ORDERS BETWEEN CORT-LANDT AND WALL STS.

Pretty nearly every above-ground wire in Broad-way, between Cortanus and Wall sta, come down-yesterday afternoon, with the aid of a big pair of Electrical Control. The board has decided that all the exposed street wires crossing Broadway between Twenty-third-st, and the Battery must come down Some of the leard's men yesterday climbed to the tops of the big buildings on both sides of the street and went ruthlessly to work. They cut nearly every wire that stretched out over the street. As they clipped, the wires fell to the street with loud twangs, clipped, the wires fell to the street with loud twangs, and becoming entangled in car and carriage wheels. A few men of the force had stationed themselves in the middle of the street to pick up fallen wires as fast as possible and to prevent accidents.

A crowd watched the proceedings with great interest. Because of the catting many telephone and telegraph instruments were useless, though it was said that the telephone companies, having learned of the intended object of the board, had made other connections for subscribers in the district which suffered.



This young lady examines the young scholar. "Johnnie, where is Carlsbad?" "Part of it in every drug store in the United States."

" How do you make that out?" "The Carlshad Sprudel Salts and Waters

"What have they done for you, that you know so much about them?" "Why, they have cured papa of his dyspepsia, and in the place of a cross father they

have given me a kind and loving parent."

Dyspepsia will spoil the most angelic temperament. Too much bile inactivity of the liver will start it. Try the Carlsbad Sprudel Salts or use the imported Carlsbad Waters. A standard, a never-tailing remedy. The genuine have the signature of "Eisper & Mendelson Co., Sole Agent-, New York," on

every bottle.

Doas Others do.

The cooks who now use lard are few, Old methods must give way to new, And you should do as others do-

# use Cottolene

Join the procession. Order TO-DAY. Sold in 3 and 5 pound pails by all grocers.

> The N. K. Feirbank Company, CHICAGO. NEW YORK OFFICE, Frednee Exchange.

> > left the courtroom.

THE COURTS.

DUCHESSE D'AUXY'S PROPERTY.

Judge O'Brien, in the Supreme Court, Chambers, ian signed an order permitting the State Trus ompany to resign as trustee of property held in trust for Charlotte A. la Duchesse d'Auxy, and appointing her husband Arthur, Duc d'Auxy, trusappointing her husband Arthur, Due d'Auxy, trus-tee instead. The property is No. 16 West Twenty-first-st. Charlotte A. Soutter, the mother of the Duchess, on July 41 ISEA executed a conveyance of this property to Theothy II. Porter, in trust, to pay the net income to the present Inchess during her life, and upon her death it should go to her children. The Puke and Duchess have a house at No. 70 West Eighty-eighth-st. Since the execution of the trust there have been about aix changes in the trustee. The present trustee did not not along with the Duchess.

COULD NOT FLOAT THE BONDS

Another application to punish Controller Fitch for contempt of court in not obeying the writ of mandamus issued by Justice Lawrence, of the Supreme Court, about three weeks ago, was made yesterday to Justice O'Brien, in Supreme Court, Chambers, The writ was issued on the application of Henry Keteltas as trustee of the Gardner estate, and or-GUESTS SEEKING OTHER HOTHER GENERAL,

EARLE TO MOVE TO DAY.

The Stars and Stripes still floated defauity at the top of the staf on the Hatel New Netherland as Effhance and Stripes still floated bear and the top of the staf on the Hatel New Netherland as Effhance and Effectively.

HE WANTS THE MARRIAGE PORTION. An introduction by a shatches marriage broker a short courtehly a marriage, five short weeks of

### COL. F. C. MILEWEE THE COMPLAINANT.

HIS CHARGES AGAINST A POLICEMAN-THE TRIAL

Calonel F. C. Melewee was compainant yester day before Posice Countrisiner McClave against Patralman John Fitzeibbons, of the Tenderlein precines, whom he charged with using indecent language on the night of F brancy 27, at Fifteenth-st, and Union Square, West. Colonel McLewee de-cared that Thomas Lidgerwood, grocer, of No. 103 East Sixteenth-st., who was in his company,

in Fast Sixteenth-st, who was in his company, was thrown from a Broadway car by the gripman. It was when he requested Flizgibbons to arrest the gripman that the policeman used the language mentioned in his complaint. Mr. Lidgerwood and another witness correspond in this starsment.

Mrs. Kate Connerty, of No. 129 Clinton-st, was a witness in Francibbons's bonaid. Sae tenthed that both Colonel MeLowce and Mr. Lidgerwood used abusive language while in the car, where she was the only other passenger, and that they made an attack upon the conductor first.

A number of other witnesses were called. In the course of the cross-examination of one of them by Colonel McLewee he and L. I. Grant, a lawyer, counts' for the officer, had some hot words. It was several minutes before Commissioner McClave could secure order.

The full Board of Police Commissioners will give a decision in the case.

THE PAINTERS WANT THEIR SHARE.

THEY DECLARE THAT THE \$1,000,000 APPRO-PRIATION IS NOT BEING EX-PENDED EQUABLY,

The Executive Board of New-York Painters, at a eeting held at their headquarters, Nos. 231 to 205 East Sixty-seventh-et., on Tuesday night, passed a series of resolutions protesting against the in which the \$1,000,000 appropriated to relieve the suffering of the poor is being spent. The board declared that organized labor, although first in the movement to influence the appropriation of the money, had not been recognized. The resolution

money, had not been recognized. The resolution goes on to declare that "The money so appropriated is being used for partisan purposes, and the opportunity to work is given only through political influence, thus ignoring organized labor."

The resolutions end as follows: Whereas, We as an organized body of workingmen have from time to time made application to certain heads of departments for the right to work.

"Resolved, That we not as a political machine, but an organized body of workingmen, have applied for the right to work is the right to live. Must we consult rolliticless to live? What shell it be-organized workingmen or organized politicians?"

The painters say that they will not sest until some of the shooded appropriated is used to assist some of the unemployed in their organization.

NO QUORUM OF THE PARK BOARD.

No meeting of the Park Board was held yes-terday, there being no quorum on acount of Commissioner Chusen's absence. Another effort to have a meeting will be made to-day.

Secretary Unras was ready with a report showing that the plans for park work which have already been authorized by the Board of Estimate will require 1835,000 of the \$1,000,000 appropriated to give the unicomployed chances for work. This leaves only 565,000, most of which will probably be spent on the transverse roads of Central Park. James D. Leavy, contractor, has begun to remove the rock for the

FINED FOR THE SOFT COAL NUISANCE

PRESIDENT ANDTOWS AND SECRETARY ST. JOHN, OF THE NEW-YORK STEAM COMPANY, EACH SENTENCED TO PAY \$50.

The case of Edward W. Martin, official chemist of the Board of Health, against Wallace Andrews, president of the New-York Steam Company, and against Gamaliei C. St. John, secretary of the com-pany, was tried in the Court of Special Sessions yesterday morning before Police Justices Grady. yesterday morning before Police Justices Grady, Ryan and Meads. Mr. Hawes, attorney for the defence, said that the company had put in apparatus intended to consume the smoke arising from the soft coal needed to be used. The apparatus worked as intended for a few days, he said, and then failed to come up to what was expected of it. The result was the violation of a clause in the sanitary code, soot and cinders escaping from the giant chimney of the furnace of the company's factory.

The defendants, through their attorney, withdrew their piec of not guilty to the offence as comparied of on December 19, 1803, and pleaded guilty. The Court sentences, President Andrews and Secretary St. John to pay each a fine of \$50. This was immediately hemsel ever, and the two defendants left the courtreous.

TO THY COMMANDER HEYERMAN.

THE COURT-MARTIAL TO CONVENE TO-DAY AT THE NAVY VARD-THE CHARGES AND SPECIFICATIONS.

and to the recent court of inquiry in the less of the famous warship Kearsarge on Ronca-dor Reef on February 2 will begin at the Navy Yard this merning in the court-martial of Comvessel when she was last. The detail of the court president; Captains Montgomery Sicard, James mander J. D. Jerrold Kelley, judge-advocate. The court is thus composed of ten members, although service shall be summoned on every such court. The regulations also prescribe that not more than one-half the members of the court shall be funlor to the accused, but in this case all are m Commander Regerman, excepting the judge-advo-

Suprems Court General Term Recess.

Suprems Court Considers France Cirica. J. Court
Suprems Court Considers France Cirica. J. Court
Suprems Court Special Term Force Cirica. J. Court
Suprems Court Special Term Force Cirica. In Section 11 a. co.
Suprems Court Special Term Force Cirica. In Section 11 a. co.
Suprems Court Special Term Force Cirica. In Section 11 a. co.
Suprems Court Special Term Force Cirica. In Section 11 a. co.
Suprems Court Commander Kelley was judge-advocate
of the court of inquiry, and he was selected in
this case because the regulations require that the
judge-advocate of a court-martial shall be "thorlong to the Court Special Term Force Cirica. In Section 11 a. co.
Suprems Court Commander Kelley was judge-advocate
of the court of inquiry, and he was selected in
this case because the regulations require that the
judge-advocate of a court-martial shall be "thoroughty instructed as to all the circumstances of
the case, and as to the evidence by which the
the case, and as to the evidence by which the
the case, and as to the evidence by which the
the case, and as to the evidence by which the
the case, and as to the evidence by which the
the case, and as to the evidence by which the charges are to be sustained," and shall inform Supreme Court-Special Comp. Part H.-Hefers Truas, J. himself as to what particulars witnesses can ten-supreme Reduced cases. Clear. eme Court-Special Term Part III-Before Bussell, tify to. He is the official prosecutor of the United States. None of the other members of the court

were connected with the court of inquiry. The charges against Commander Heyerman have be sent from Part III for relat. Lean.

J.—Nos. 389, 140, 1613, 1617, 4414, 356, 544, 425, 1.28, 1344, 1335, 137, 4135, 1366, 544, 725, 1.28, 1344, 1335, 137, 4135, 1366, 544, 725, 1.28, 1344, 1335, 1374, 1385, 1386, 544, 725, 1.28, 1344, 1335, 1374, 1385, 1386, 544, 725, 1.28, 1344, 1335, 1374, 1385, 1386, 544, 725, 1.28, 1344, 1335, 1374, 1385, 1386, 544, 725, 1.28, 1344, 1335, 1374, 1385, 1386, 544, 725, 1.28, 1344, 1335, 1374, 1385, 1386, 544, 725, 1.28, 1344, 1335, 1345, been transmitted to him and he is under arrest-

common Pleas—special Term—Before Arneld, S.—No.

Common Pleas—special Term—Before Gregerich, J.—

Common Pleas—special Term—Before Gregerich, J.—

Common Pleas—special Term—Adjourned for the term.

Common Pleas—Trail Term—Part 1—Before Beakstaver,
—Nos. 1381, 706—1176, 1383—1319—1393, 1423—173, 1559.

Agit 1705, 1806—1177, 1884—1319—1509.

Common Pleas—Trail Term—Part 1—Before Conlan, J.—Monomon Pleas—Trail Term—Part III—Before Macastay, J.—Monomon Pleas—Trail Term—Part III—Before Maca

COMMODORE STANTON TO GO TO BRAZIL. It was stated at the Navy Yard yesterday that Coromodore Oscar F. Stanton is to return to the command of the South Atlantic Squadron in a few days. One of the officers said: "It was at a few days. One of the officers smid: "It was at first thought that Commodore, or Acting Rear-Admiral, Stanton would not be sent back to the South Atlantic, but that Commodore F. M. Ramsay, who is now Chief of the Bureau of Navigation, and will become Rear-Admiral on the retirement of Admiral Botham next mouth, would be assigned to this command. The Navy Pepartment has concuded, however, to send Commodore Stanton back there, and he will start soon after he gives his testimony in the Heyerman court-martial. In fact, the main reason for the carly convening of the court was that Commodore Stanton, who is an important witness in the case, might give his evidence and leave for his post of duty as soon as possible."

A FOG BLANKET OVER THE CHY. The rain of the night before changed into a dense fog yesterday, and in the afternoon it settled down over the rivers and the Bay. The fog whistles and bells were going continually all the afternoon and far into the night. The ferryboats groped their way cantiously about guided only by the helis and whistles. The traffic of lighters and tugboats on the rivers and bay was almost entirely stopped. The fog was not so dense in the streets of the city as it was on the water.

The suburban resident who had to cross a ferry was late in getting to his home, and a trip on a ferryboat was accompanied with considerable and letty and no little danger. The rain of the night before changed into a dense

**Valued Indersement** 

of Scott's is contained in letters from the medical profes cal profession speaking of its gratify.

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